

The Border Widette.

NINETEENTH YEAR.

NOGALES, SANTA CRUZ COUNTY, ARIZONA, APRIL 15, 1911.

No. 16.



Victor

Es un placer entretener á los visitantes

cuando Ud. posee una Victor. No se experimenta ninguna dificultad para conseguir los artistas ó divertir á los visitantes con selecciones apropiadas al caso—y no hay ningún temor de que falten medios para deleitarse.

Vd. tiene á su disposición una extensa variedad de la música más selecta para atraer la atención de sus huéspedes—música cantada ó interpretada por los más célebres cantantes, bandas y comediantes.

Sírvase entrar y oiga la última música Victor—no hay ninguna obligación á que efectue una compra, pero si decide adquirir una Victor puede obtenerla mediante pagos á plazos. Victrolas desde

The Sonora News Co., NOGALES, ARIZONA

Banco de Sonora

Main Office: HERMOSILLO.

BRANCHES: NOGALES, GUAYMAS, ALAMOS, CHIHUAHUA Y CULIACAN.

CAPITAL PAID UP \$ 1,500,000.00
SURPLUS..... \$ 1,000,000.00

BRANCH AT NOGALES:
ADOLPH EDLER, Manager

A General Banking Business Transacted.

DEPOSITS RECEIVED IN MEXICAN AND AMERICAN MONEY

COMPANIA Industrial y Explotadora de Maderas

Electric Light Plant in the city.

ICE FACTORY.

Iron and Brass Foundry and Machinery Shop.

GUAYMAS, SONORA, MEXICO.

LUMBER OF ALL KINDS; ROUGH AND DRESSED. PLANING MILL, DOORS, WINDOWS, MOULDING, ETC., ETC.

MANUFACTURERS OF WIRE NAILS. MATCH FACTORY.

Blacksmith Coal and Coke Constantly on Hand.

E. J. PELLEGRIN,

JEWELER AND STATIONERY,

NOGALES, - - ARIZONA.

In the Old Business at the Old Stand



Montezuma Hotel,

L. J. F. IAEGER, Prop.

The Only First-Class Hotel in Nogales. Newly Refitted and Furnished Throughout.

FIRST-CLASS DINING ROOM **RATES REASONABLE.**

DRUMMERS' SAMPLE ROOMS.

TERRITORIAL NOTES.

Items of Interest Culled From Our Exchanges.

The Warrior Development company shipped more ore last month than during any month since the mine has been opened. Considerable development work is in progress underground.

A night school for the Chinese of Tucson is being conducted under the auspices of the Baptist denomination of the city and is being held four nights each week in the Baptist church.—Tucson Citizen.

Inspector Haskett of the U. S. Bureau of animal industry reports that scab has practically been eradicated from all sheep in Arizona. He has just returned from a general tour of inspection and is well pleased with conditions found on the ranges.—Cocconino Sun.

Within another week a line of long distance telephone poles stretching from Benson to Yuma, through Tucson will have been completed by the field crews of the Consolidated Telephone, Telegraph and Electric company, and the stringing of the wires will begin.—Tucson Citizen.

George Walton, a railroad contractor at Fairview, was blown about twenty feet in the air, on Friday of last week by a blast and miraculously escaped death by the thousandth part of an inch. As Walton weighs in the neighborhood of 250 pounds, it can easily be imagined that there was considerable force behind the explosion.—News.

A committee appointed by the board of directors of Arizona Copper company, Ltd., from Edinburgh, Scotland, are at present in Clifton and will remain there for several days. Two members of the committee, Mr. Young J. Petland and Mr. Wm. Exley Miller, secretary, arrived last week, and on Friday of this week, Hon. Lord Salveson and Mr. Allan Carter arrived there.—Prospector.

Sixteen saloons and two wholesale houses in Phoenix and five in Tempe are closed temporarily, while the reclamation camp is located at the joint head of the Maricopa and Salt River canals. The closing of the saloons is the result of the six-mile limit law, which prohibits a license being issued to conduct a saloon within six miles of government work where twenty-five or more men are employed.—Phoenix Dem.

Capt. Thos. H. Rynning, who went to Tucson with Auditor Geo. A. Mauk to inspect the proposed route for the Territorial highway between here and the old pueblo, returned home Saturday. He came back thoroughly convinced of the sincerity of the people of Tucson in their offer of assistance in the fight of the Casa Grande valley for the preservation of the San Carlos reservoir site.—Florence Blade.

Mr. F. M. Murphy and party have returned from an inspection of the properties of the Development company of America on the Gila river. They found them in excellent condition, and Mr. Murphy stated that extensive development of the claims will commence soon. In the course of his stay in the Christmas district he met D. C. Jackling, general manager of the Ray Consolidated Copper company's properties and was taken by him to visit the big concentrator in operation.

A cross-cut will be started from the 1000-foot station to explore the Old Dominion vein to the north of the shaft, instead of being driven from the point of contact of the southwest drift from the 1000-foot station and the Great Eastern vein. The face of the cut is now within twenty-five feet of the vein. The pump recently installed on the 1000-foot level started lifting water April 4. Another pump will be lowered from its present location on the 600-foot level in the near future if necessary. At present one pump can handle all the water the mine is now making.—Silver Belt.

Fourteen Phoenix boys have formed what they call the Phoenix Junior Wireless club, each member of which is expected to have a wireless telegraphy outfit at his home, and send out and receive messages over it. Already there are nine wireless stations in operation, and at least three more will be equipped at once.

Assistant General Manager Will L. Clark, of the United Verde Company at Jerome, has issued an order reducing the hours of all men working ten or more hours per day, for the company, to nine hours. This reduction in the working hours of a large number of men employed around the works, was a voluntary act on the part of the company.

Dempsey B. Powell, accused of the killing of DeWitt Milligan, at Cherry, Yavapai county, Arizona, on the 30th of August, 1909, was tried before a jury and acquitted late Tuesday night. The trial had lasted two days and about sixty witnesses were examined on behalf of the territory and defense. Ex-Attorney General E. S. Clark and Henry E. Ashurst conducted the defense, while District Attorney Henry D. Ross, of Yavapai, and D. W. O'Sullivan conducted the prosecution. The case was ably handled and so confident was the defense of acquittal that little effort was made to suppress any evidence that might be derogatory to the defense, believing that a full and honest statement would be the best course to follow.—Miners.

SIERRA DE COBRE.

It is understood that developments at the Sierra de Cobre property of the Greene Cananea Co. have been meeting with excellent results and that indications are promising that this mine will make a large producer. In fact, the most important of any of the developments during the past year at the Cananea mines, have been those of the Sierra de Cobre.

The underground development at this property has disclosed two different ore bodies, each varying from fifty to sixty feet in width. Drifting is now in progress to open these shoots along the strike, and from present indications as far as developed, the ore bodies are showing large and constant and in width.

DROUTH BROKEN

The eight days drouth, the first that visited Phoenix since the establishment of the settlement, ended yesterday at noon. It having been officially brought to the notice of the board of supervisors that the reclamation camp at the joint head which had exercised a desiccating influence on territory within a radius of six miles of the camp, had been removed, the matter of the application for saloon licenses was taken up and twenty-four of them were granted. Now, for the next year, it will make no difference to the grantees where camps of public work may be established.—Phoenix Republican.

RECEIVE CONCENTRATES.

This week the first shipment of concentrates from the mill of the Miami Copper company at Miami Arizona, was received here by the Cananea Consolidated Copper company for reduction. The first consignment to be received was shipped from Globe on Monday and arrived here the latter portion of the week. It consisted of 300 tons. The mill of the Miami company is being gradually placed in commission, which increases the present capacity of the mill to 1,000 tons daily.

Almost everything was ready at the plant of the Four C's company for the reception of the concentrates when they arrived and in but a short time everything will be in first-class shape, and the foreign concentrates will be handled with dispatch.—Sonora News.

WANTS AGREEMENT KEPT.

W. G. Dumont Files Suit Against Administrator.

W. G. Dumont yesterday (April 7th) filed suit in district court against Harry E. Heighon as administrator of the estate of Charles H. Ferry, deceased, for \$1,385.05. Hon. Mark A. Smith and Leslie C. Hardy represent the petitioner, says the Tucson Star.

The petition asserts that Charles H. Ferry died possessed of the Salero group of mines in Santa Cruz county, as well as the machinery, equipment, tools, store room and dwelling house used in operation. Late December development work ceased and Ferry entered into an agreement with Dumont whereby Dumont was to take possession of the property, do the assessment work on 12 claims during the year 1910, live in the dwelling free of rent and receive \$150 per month. He was paid for January and February 1910 and says he was prevented from carrying out the remainder of his contract through an injunction brought by Selim M. Franklin, special administrator of the estate preceding Heighon.

Dumont states that it was also a part of the agreement that Ferry turn over his stock of merchandise to Dumont at \$910.35, the latter to pay for the stock as the sales rendered him able. He says that he added \$350 worth of goods to the stock and was then ejected by the special administrator. At that time the goods were worth \$850 to him, but they are worth nothing at all now. He therefore asks for his salary of \$150 per month for 10 months, the \$850 lost in the store, with a credit of the \$940.35 he owed for the stock and also a credit of \$24.60, leaving a balance of \$1,385.05 for which he is suing.

MRS. HESLET GOES HOME.

Tiring of a life of almost utter isolation from American companionship in Mexico, and having a son who, having arrived at school age they now want to place in an American school. Mr. and Mrs. Samuel L. Heslet and their small son have arrived here from Carbo, Sonora and will leave tonight for Los Angeles. They will make their home in Los Angeles, and place their son in school. Then Mr. Heslet will return to Carbo, where he is superintendent of the Giroux Consolidated mines.

"I had lived five years at the mining camp, with no other American woman anywhere near me, and with no companionship whatever except that of my own family. That is about enough, isn't it?", Mrs. Heslet inquired.

Mr. Heslet stated that there has been no notable revolutionary activity in the vicinity of Carbo, and that foreign properties are well safeguarded.—Citizen.

START WORK.

The construction of the territorial highway from Phoenix to Tucson and the improvement of the existing road from Tucson to Bisbee and Douglas will commence within six weeks, according to advices received today, and will be pushed to completion at the earliest possible date by the territorial board of control.

It was found by George A. Mauk and Robert A. Craig of the territorial board of control, and Territorial Engineer J. B. Girard, on the occasion of their recent visit to Tucson, Bisbee and Douglas, that the road south of Tucson is in very fair condition it the exception of the road through Davidson's canyon which will require considerable work. It is believed that it will require about six weeks to assemble men, teams, and road working implements at the points where they are needed, but after that the construction will be pushed so that southern Arizona may travel through to the northern part of the territory by wagon or automobile if they so desire.—Citizen.

GOLD ROAD BULLION.

Last Monday the court visitors in Kingman were treated to a glimpse of one of the big weekly bars of bullion that comes in from Gold Road for shipment to the mint at San Francisco. The bar weighed \$21,000 and was the result of a cleanup of the past seven day's run. From the men that have been working at the mine and mill we are informed that everything is running smoothly and that the mine is capable of flooding the mill with a better grade ore than that now being treated.

Regarding the matter of the sale of the mines and milling plant to the United States Smelting company, locally there is little known, but those who profess to know say that the sale is sure to go through. Wm. Bayley, chief representative of the American interests in the corporation, is now in Fa-is, and before he returns to this country he will have arranged all details for the transfer of the property. This is said to be a surety, the property going for something over two millions of dollars. The ultimatum of the Gold Road company has been accepted by the U. S. Smelting, with a few modifications in terms of payment.

Mohave county will be greatly benefited by the sale of this great mine, as it will bring into the gold mining section of the county one of the greatest mining and smelting corporations of the world, and with it betterments to mining and milling capacity of the property that will make the property one of the greatest gold producers of the world.—Kingman Miner.

A TYPOGRAPHICAL ERROR.

"Now, William," the old farmer said to his new apprentice, "I want thee to mind what I do say to thee, to be sharp and attentive and to delay not in carrying out my instructions."

"Ay, ay, zur," replied William.

"First, now, I want thee to take out the old white mare and have her shod."

"Ay, ay, zur," said William, and departed.

He returned two hours later and the old farmer questioned him.

"Thee has not been quick, lad," he said, reprovingly, "but if thee has done thy work as I ordered thee thou shalt be forgiven. Didst thou have the mare shod, as I told thee?"

"Ay, ay, zur!" replied William, beaming. "Didst thou not hear the gun? I shot her myself and I've just buried her."—Answers.

SOUTHERN ARIZONA'S POSSIBILITIES.

Once Arizona gets into the Union the indications are that capital will follow in abundance for the development of the many irrigation projects that are awaiting the attention of the investor and the engineer. The valleys of Southern Arizona in particular which have hitherto been looked upon by many outsiders as desert waste are gradually being reclaimed and this reclamation will proceed far more rapidly once Arizona is in the Union. What with artesian water in the San Simon valley and oil indications there and elsewhere Southern Arizona may well look forward to the next five years as full of promise of a prosperity never dreamed of by the sturdy pioneers who have founded a state in a country that the geographies of a decade ago showed to be desert land with no prospect of reclamation. Now that the government building of the Roosevelt dam has shown what can be done for the Arizona valleys private capital is saved the risk of pioneers. Golden opportunities await the capitalist who interests himself in irrigation projects in Southern Arizona. Agriculture will be one of the great industries of the new State.—Exchange.